

Let  $\theta = -\frac{28\pi}{6}$ . Fill in the blanks below. Simplify all answers.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_ / 11 PTS

[a] The smallest positive angle coterminal with  $\theta$  is  $\frac{4\pi}{3}$  radians.

[b] The reference angle for  $\theta$  is  $\frac{\pi}{3}$  radians.

[c]  $\cot \theta = \frac{\sqrt{3}}{3}$ .

[d]  $\sec \theta = -2$ .

Suppose  $\sin t = -\frac{1}{2}$ . Fill in the blanks below. Simplify all answers.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_ / 13 PTS

[a] The reference angle for  $t$  is  $\frac{\pi}{6}$  radians.

[b]  $t$  could be in quadrant(s)  $3, 4$ .

[c] The possible value(s) of  $t$  is (are)  $\frac{7\pi}{6}, \frac{11\pi}{6}$ . **NOTE:** Your answer(s) must be between 0 and  $2\pi$ .

Prove the identity  $(3 \csc t + 2 \cot t)(3 \csc t - 2 \cot t) = 5 \csc^2 t + 4$ .

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 PTS

$$\begin{aligned} & \downarrow \\ & = 9 \csc^2 t - 4 \cot^2 t \\ & = 9 \csc^2 t - 4(\csc^2 t - 1) \\ & = 9 \csc^2 t - 4 \csc^2 t + 4 = 5 \csc^2 t + 4 \quad \text{QED} \end{aligned}$$

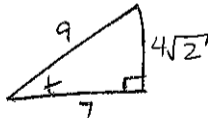
Let  $t$  be an acute angle such that  $\sec t = \frac{9}{7}$ . Fill in the blanks below. Simplify all answers.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 8 PTS

[a] Draw a corresponding right angle triangle, and label the lengths of all sides.

[b]  $\sin t = \frac{4\sqrt{2}}{9}$

[c]  $\cot t = \frac{7\sqrt{2}}{8}$



Let  $\theta$  be an angle such that  $\sin \theta = -\frac{2\sqrt{6}}{7}$  and  $\cos \theta = \frac{5}{7}$ . Fill in the blanks below. Simplify all answers.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 12 PTS

[a]  $\sec \theta = \underline{\frac{7}{5}}$ .

[b]  $\cot \theta = \underline{\frac{-5\sqrt{6}}{12}}$ .

[c]  $\sec(-\theta) = \underline{\frac{7}{5}}$ .

[d]  $\csc\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - \theta\right) = \underline{\frac{7}{5}}$ .

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Suppose  $\sec t = \frac{9}{5}$  and  $\sin t < 0$ . Fill in the blanks below. Simplify all answers.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 PTS

[a]  $t$  is in quadrant 4.

[b] Find the value of  $\tan t$  using identities, not triangles. **NOTE:** You must show the proper use of identities to get full credit.

$$\tan^2 t = \sec^2 t - 1$$

$$= \frac{81}{25} - 1$$

$$= \frac{56}{25} \longrightarrow \tan t = -\frac{2\sqrt{14}}{5}$$

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A sprinkler on a golf course fairway sprays water over a distance of 72 feet and rotates through an angle of 2.9 radians. Find the area of the fairway watered by the sprinkler. **SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_ / 4 PTS**

State the units of your final answer. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.

$$\frac{1}{2} (72 \text{ FT})^2 (2.9) = 7516.8 \text{ FT}^2$$

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Fill in the blanks.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_\_ / 6 PTS

[a] An angle of  $\frac{18\pi}{7}$  radians has a reference angle of  $\frac{3\pi}{7}$  radians.  $2\frac{4}{7}\pi - 2\pi = \frac{4}{7}\pi \in Q_2$

[b]  $\sec(-30.1) = 3.9664$ . Round your answer to 4 decimal places.

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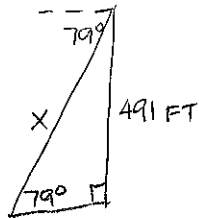
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A surveyor is standing near the base of a 491 foot tall monument. If the angle of depression from the top of the monument to the surveyor is  $79^\circ$ , what is the distance from the surveyor to the top of the monument?

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 10 PTS

State the units of your final answer. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.



$$\sin 79^\circ = \frac{491 \text{ FT}}{x}$$

$$x = \frac{491 \text{ FT}}{\sin 79^\circ} \approx 500.19 \text{ FT}$$

A vinyl record with a radius of 12 inches rotates at 33 revolutions per minute.

SCORE: \_\_\_\_ / 8 PTS

- [a] Find the angular speed of the record. State the units of your final answer. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.

$$\frac{33 \text{ REV}}{\text{MIN}} \cdot \frac{2\pi \text{ RAD}}{\text{REV}} = 66\pi \frac{\text{RAD}}{\text{MIN}} \approx 207.35 \text{ RAD/MIN}$$

- [b] Find the linear speed of a point on the outer edge of the record.  
State the units of your final answer. Round your answer to 2 decimal places.

$$12 \text{ IN} \cdot \frac{66\pi \text{ RAD}}{\text{MIN}} = 792\pi \frac{\text{IN}}{\text{MIN}} \approx 2488.14 \text{ IN/MIN}$$